



the

# SENTINEL

KENNESAW JUNIOR COLLEGE  
MARIETTA, GEORGIA

DEDICATION ISSUE  
OCTOBER 2, 1975



JAMES V. CARMICHAEL



GOVERNOR GEORGE BUSBEE

## CARMICHAEL CENTER DEDICATED

The James V. Carmichael Student Center will be dedicated today at 9:30 a.m. in on campus ceremonies. Attending the dedication will be The Honorable George Busbee, Governor, The State of Georgia; Dr. George L. Simpson, Jr., Chancellor, The University System of Georgia; and Mrs. James V. Carmichael.

During the ceremonies, Governor George Busbee will present the address for the dedication of the new facility. Dr. Simpson will present the Student Center to Dr. Horace Sturgis, President of the College. A special presentation will be made by Ms. June Rowland, President of the Student Government Association. The Invocation and Benediction will be given by The Reverend James O. Speed, Pastor, First Presby-

terian Church, Marietta. Mr. Charles A. Harris, Chairman, The Board of Regents, will introduce the Governor.

The new student center is named for the late James V. Carmichael, a native of Cobb County who served on the Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia.

James V. Carmichael was instrumental in gaining approval for the construction of the new student center at Kennesaw. The decision was made in 1971 which launched the planning and development of the building.

"Mr. Carmichael was a very distinguished resident of this community and the state of Georgia. He assisted the College in hosting the Board of Regents in Marietta in 1971 and it was during that meeting that the new student center was authorized by the

board," according to Dr. Sturgis.

Carmichael achieved national prominence in 1946 when he won the popular vote for election as governor of Georgia but lost under the County Unit System.

He received the largest number of votes that had ever been cast for a gubernatorial candidate and outpolled Eugene Talmadge by 16,000 votes. However, Talmadge won the election based on the allocation of County Unit Votes.

Mr. Carmichael served as the member of the Board of Regents from the Seventh District from January 19, 1966 until his death November 28, 1972. He practiced law in Marietta from 1933 to 1943 and was associated with Lockheed Aircraft Corporation, Scripto, Inc., Trust

Company of Georgia, Southern Company and Georgia International Life Insurance.

A devoted public servant and friend of higher education, the late James V. Carmichael established a record of accomplishments reflecting his role as a catalyst in the growth and development of the state.

Mr. Carmichael was highly instrumental in locating the Bell Bomber Plant in his native Cobb County and in his own community he held several leadership positions. He served as Deacon of the First Presbyterian Church of Marietta, President of the Kiwanis Club of Marietta, and President of the Cobb County Chamber of Commerce. A graduate of Emory University with an L.L.B. degree, he began his law practice in 1933.

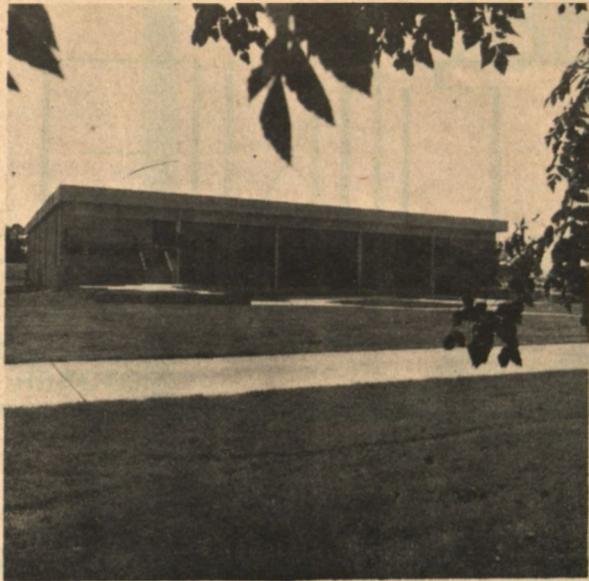
The wide range of his activities as businessman,

attorney and involved citizen included many other notable achievements, among them service as a member of the Georgia General Assembly; general manager of the Georgia division of The Bell Bomber Plan and later Lockheed Aircraft Corporation; President and later chairman of the Board of the Atlanta-based Scripto organization; member of Emory University's Board of Trustees; director of Scripto, Lockheed, Trust Company of Georgia, Southern Company, and Georgia International Life Insurance Company; chairman of the Board of Commissioners of the Georgia Department of Industry and Trade; Georgia District Governor of Kiwanis; President of the Atlanta Arts Alliance; consultant and advisor to the Under-secretary

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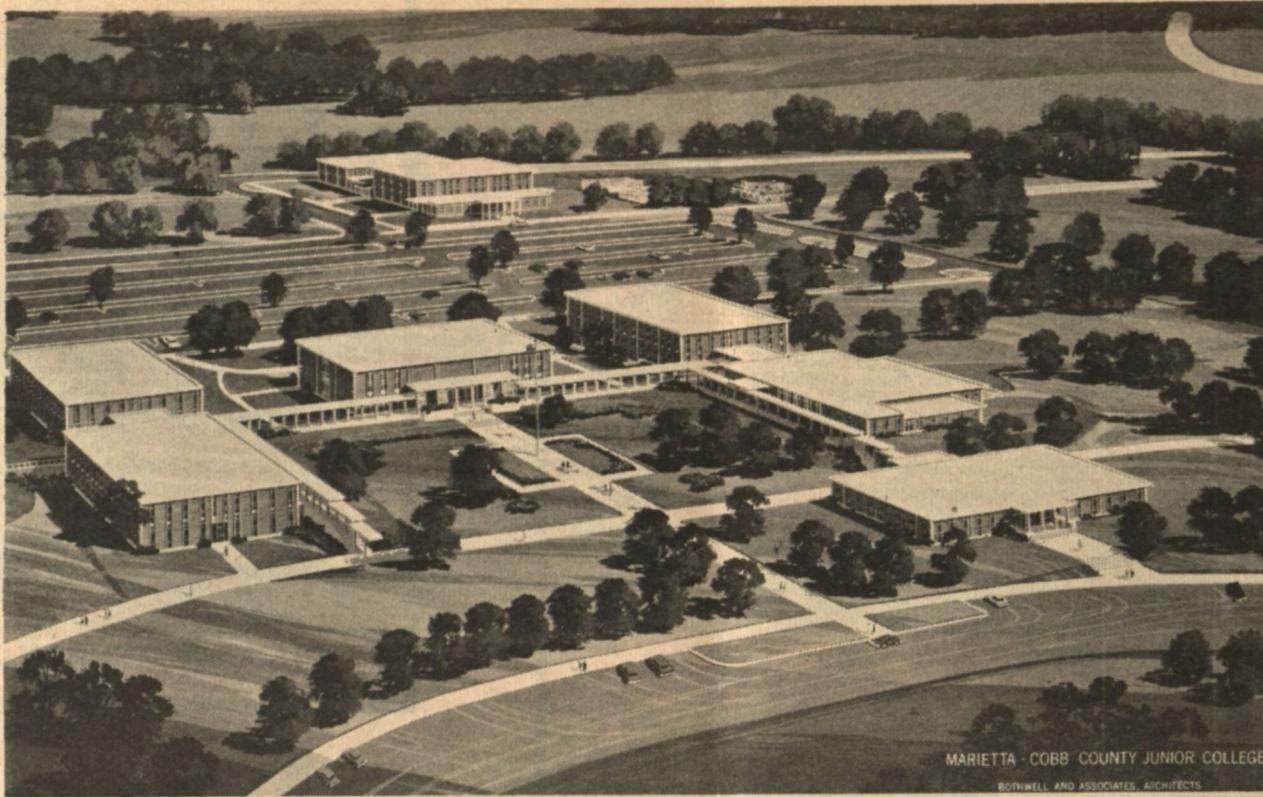
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# A History Of Kennesaw Jr. College

"Build the future with Kennesaw Junior College," is the invitation of a current campus slogan. The phrase reflects not only the direction for the years ahead, but also describes the historical cornerstones of this two-year college.

Building for the future has been the philosophical outlook at KJC during its nine-year history, and many of the forward-looking dreams have come to fruition during the 1974-75 academic year.

Milestones in the history of Kennesaw Junior College emphasize the steady progress of an institution geared to the future. A commuter college, KJC is accredited by the Southern Association of Colleges and Schools.

Approved by the Board of Regents of the University System of Georgia on October 9, 1963, KJC was officially named in August, 1965. The college opened its doors in the fall of 1966 and the first academic year began with 1,014 students. KJC has more than doubled its original enrollment, with 2,241 students in the fall of 1974.

When the college opened in 1966, temporary offices and classrooms were located at Southern Tech and Banberry Elementary School in Marietta until the college buildings were completed in January, 1967.

The campus, located on approximately 150 acres of land eight miles northeast of Marietta, consists of a library, gymnasium, three classroom buildings (Humanities, Natural Science and Mathematics, Social Science), administration building, student services building, maintenance building, and -- added during the 1974-75 academic -- a 10,000 square foot warehouse and a long-awaited \$2 million James

V. Carmichael Student Center. Accessibility to the campus was improved in the fall of 1974 with the completion of I-75 to Roberts Road.

Dr. Horace W. Sturgis became the first president and continues in that capacity. Upon appointment by the Board of Regents, Dr. Sturgis assumed the presidency of Kennesaw Junior College on July 1, 1965. Previously, he was Associate Registrar at the Georgia Institute of Technology from 1948 until 1965. A native of Pennsylvania, Dr. Sturgis received his B.S. degree from Piedmont College, the M.S. degree from the University of Georgia, and his Ph.D. degree from New York University. Prior to becoming Associate Registrar at Georgia Tech, Dr. Sturgis served as a member of the faculty of that institution as an Assistant Professor of Physics. Earlier in his career, he was a high school principal at Fayetteville and Eatonton, and a teacher at North Fulton High School in Atlanta. He served as Director of the Ground School of Aviation at the University of Georgia, and also served in the U.S. Navy during World War II.

Dr. Derrell C. Roberts, now President of Dalton Junior College, was the first dean of the college. Dr. Robert Akerman, currently an editorial associate with the Atlanta Journal, served also in that post, and Dr. Eugene R. Huck is now academic dean.

In expanding to help meet the community's educational needs, Kennesaw Junior College has recorded growth in many areas: Enrollment -- from 1,014 in 1966 to an anticipated 2,650 for fall quarter, 1975; Faculty -- from 47 (including teaching and admini-

strative personnel) to 99, with 41 percent of the current 76-member full-time teaching faculty holding earned doctorates; Courses of study (majors) -- from 11 to 38, including eight career programs; Library -- from a collection of 1,479 volumes in June, 1967, to 55,974 volumes (plus 20,000 additional on microfiche) today; Student activities -- from an original Student Government Association, intramurals, two student publications, and a few clubs, to an additional student magazine and a total of 11 clubs and organizations; Physical facilities -- from eight original buildings (library, two classroom buildings, science, physical education, student services, administration, maintenance) to 10 today (new student center and warehouse); Non-credit short courses, seminars and workshops -- from an enrollment of 345 in 1967-68 to 5,578 in 1974-75.

Some 13,106 individuals have been admitted to KJC during its nine-year history.

While the main thrust of the academic program is the preparation of students for transfer to four-year colleges and universities, the college also offers career programs and developmental courses. Thirty two transfer programs (in the fall of 1974) are designed to meet the core curriculum requirements for colleges in the University System of Georgia. The first career program -- nursing -- began in the fall of 1968. Some eight career programs were being offered in the 1974 fall quarter.

Growth in library resources is a story of documented progress. In June, 1967, at the end of the first fiscal year of the college, the collection amounted to only 1,479 books. By March, 1971, the number

has grown to 43,923, or more than double the 20,000 volumes required by the American Library Association for junior colleges.

The KJC library reached a new pinnacle when it acquired its 50,000th volume in the spring of 1973. In addition to this year's 54,209-volume collection, the KJC library also houses the 20,000-volume microfiche American Civilization series. The library serves as a Federal Depository for government documents.

When KJC opened, it began participating in the annual Cobb County Symposia, held on the campus each spring. The 1975 Symposium, which explored "The Human Condition," drew to the area such notables as Margaret Mead, Elisabeth Kubler-Ross, and Mary Calderone.

The annual Symposia are co-sponsored by the Cobb County Medical Society, the Cobb County Ministerial Association, the Cobb Judicial Circuit Bar Association and Kennesaw Junior College.

KJC's first Student Government Association was organized in 1967. The first officers were Bob Myatt, president; Louise Bishop, vice president; Maggie Smith, secretary; and Joyce McClure, treasurer. "The Sentinel," student newspaper, and "The Montage," student yearbook, began publication during the first year. Bob McDermid was the first "Sentinel" editor, and Grady Askew edited the first yearbook.

The Student Activities Committee, composed of students and faculty, has sponsored such cultural events as the Preservation Hall Jazz Band, the Norman Luboff Choir, and Kenny Rogers and the First Edition.

A program of community services was begun in the fall of 1967 with 282 persons enrolled. By 1973-74, enrollment had mushroomed to 3,400 adults enrolled in non-credit courses and seminars both on the campus and in outlying communities through the "College on Wheels" program.

The first commencement in June, 1967, saw five degrees conferred: Sarah Marguerite Faw, Wilson Jack Gilbert, Roy Herman Price, Jr., Carla Eidson Eidschun, and Stephen John Hanges.

The Kennesaw Junior College Foundation, Inc., a group of 29 business and professional leaders from Cobb and surrounding counties, was organized in the summer of 1969. Funds raised by the Foundation are used for student scholarships, faculty development, and community services.

A Joint Enrollment for Twelfth Grade Students (JETS) program, offered in cooperation with Marietta, Cobb County and other area school systems, enables superior high school seniors to earn high school and college credit concurrently.

KJC offers cooperative programs with the Cobb-Marietta Vocational Technical School, Southern Technical Institute, and Georgia State University Clubs and organizations on campus offer opportunities for students to participate in special interest groups. Students also participate in honor societies and service organizations. The KJC symbol is the owl and college colors are black and gold. Although KJC does not participate in intercollegiate sports, approximately one-third of the student body is involved in a wide range of intramural activities.